

District of Columbia Specialty Pharmacy Biosimilar Availability and Formulary Switching Survey

This survey is intended to understand how DC Specialty pharmacies manage formulary-mandated biosimilar switches, including operational practices, prescriber communication, and patient care impacts.

Responses will be used to analyze current processes and improve program effectiveness and patient outcomes.

1. Interchangeability and Substitution Practices

How does your pharmacy manage formulary-mandated switches to biosimilars when the biosimilar does **NOT** have a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) interchangeability designation? (Check all that apply.)

- ☐ Automatic substitution allowed per protocol
- ☐ Requires new prescription from prescriber
- ☐ Requires prescriber authorization prior to dispensing
- ☐ Case-by-case clinical review
- ☐ Other (please specify): _____

2. Drug Identification Processes

What processes are in place to ensure accurate identification and dispensing of biosimilars? (Check all that apply.)

- ☐ Alerts for biosimilar vs. reference product substitution
- ☐ Staff training on biosimilar naming conventions (suffixes)
- ☐ Standard operating procedures specific to biosimilars
- ☐ No formal process

3. Prescriber Notification Process

How are prescribers informed when a formulary requires switching from a reference biologic to a biosimilar per published preferred drug list (PDL)? (Check all that apply.)

- ☐ Proactive outreach (fax, phone, electronic medical record [EMR] notification)
- ☐ Notification only after claim rejection, non-preferred prior authorization (PA) required
- ☐ Payer communicates directly with prescriber via periodic notification
- ☐ Pharmacy does not routinely notify prescriber

4. Prescriber Awareness Level

How would you rate prescriber awareness and acceptance of biosimilar substitution within your network?

- ☐ 1 – Very low awareness/resistance
- ☐ 2 – Low awareness
- ☐ 3 – Moderate awareness
- ☐ 4 – High awareness/resistance

5. Impact on Site of Care

When a biosimilar switch is mandated, how often does it result in a change in the patient's site of care (e.g., infusion center to home infusion or alternate facility)?

- ☐ Frequently (more than 75% of cases)
- ☐ Sometimes (25–75% of cases)
- ☐ Rarely (less than 25% of cases)
- ☐ Never

6. Site of Care Challenges

What challenges are associated with site-of-care changes? (Check all that apply.)

- ☐ Patient preference or resistance
- ☐ Limited access to alternate sites
- ☐ Scheduling delays
- ☐ Provider network limitations

7. Key Challenges with Biosimilar Switching

What are the most significant challenges associated with biosimilar formulary switching? (Check all that apply.)

- ☐ Delays due to prescriber approval
- ☐ Patient confusion or resistance
- ☐ Inventory or product availability issues
- ☐ Site-of-care coordination barriers
- ☐ Prior authorization/reimbursement complexities
- ☐ Staff training gaps
- ☐ Other (please specify): _____

8. Claim processing enhancement

What claims processing customized messages would most help in selecting the preferred agents? (Check all that apply.)

- ☐ Include name of interchangeable biosimilar
- ☐ Include applicable National Drug Code (NDC)
- ☐ Best practice suggestion

Send form to DC FFS Provider Relations: DC-FFSProviderRelations@primetherapeutics.com.